

First systematic assessment of germination requirements in the endemic quillwort *Isoëtes* *malinverniana*

Prof. Thomas Abeli



5MPCW
CY-2025

Isoëtes malinverniana Ces. & De Not.

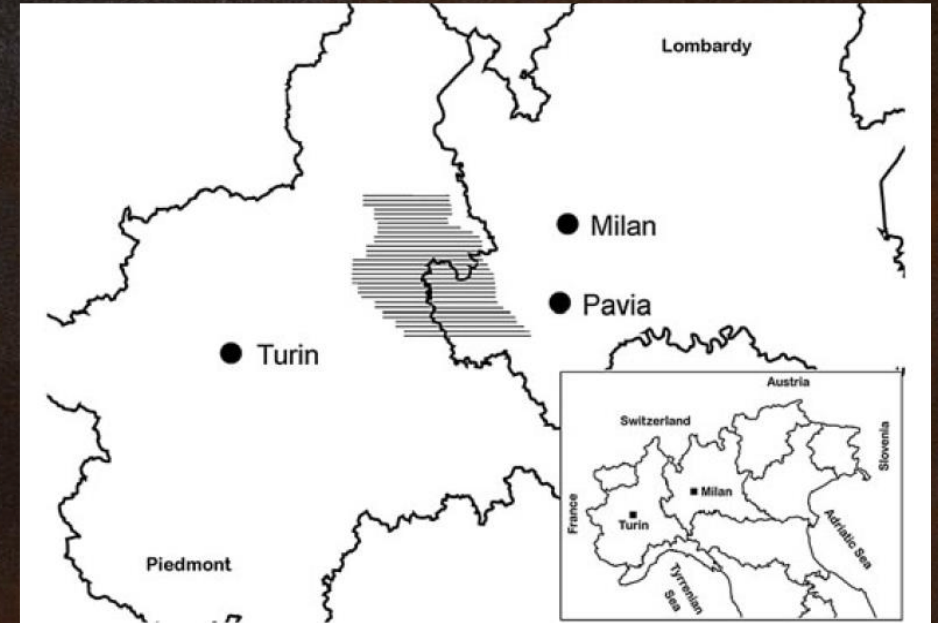
ISOËTES MALINVERNIANA

Aquatic quillwort endemic to Lombardy and Piedmont (N-Italy).

Listed as Critically Endangered (CR) in the IUCN Red List.

15 declining populations.

Main threats are water eutrophication and channel management (mechanical reshaping).



Isoëtes malinverniana Ces. & De Not.

ISOËTES MALINVERNIANA

AQUATIC CONSERVATION: MARINE AND FRESHWATER ECOSYSTEMS

Aquatic Conserv: Mar. Freshw. Ecosyst. 22: 66–73 (2012)

Published online 13 January 2012 in Wiley Online Library
(wileyonlinelibrary.com). DOI: 10.1002/aqc.1246

A cost-effective model for preliminary site evaluation for the reintroduction of a threatened quillwort

Aquatic Botany 93 (2010) 147–152



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Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Aquatic Botany

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Population structure and genetic diversity of the threatened quillwort *Isoëtes malinverniana* and implication for conservation

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Notes on the Natural History and Reproductive Biology of *Isoëtes malinverniana*

Author(s): Thomas Abeli and Marco Mucciarelli

Source: American Fern Journal, 100(4):235-237. 2010.

Hydrochemical Characterization of A Stand of the Threatened Endemic *Isoëtes malinverniana*

Author(s): T. Abeli , S. Orsenigo , N. M. G. Ardenghi E.C.H.E.T. Lucassen and A.J.P. Smolders

Source: American Fern Journal, 103(4):241-244. 2014.

Aquatic Botany 107 (2013) 39–46

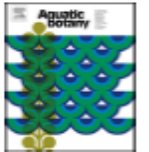
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Estimating influence of environmental quality and management of channels on survival of a threatened endemic quillwort

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SPECIAL ISSUE ARTICLE

WILEY

The ecology of the endemic quillwort *Isoëtes malinverniana*: From basic research to legal and in situ conservation

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Valentina Parco⁴ | Graziano Rossi⁵

ISOËTES MALINVERNIANA

Reproductive biology partially known:

- Spores dispersed in autumn/winter
- Suspected self-compatibility



Female (left) and male (right) sporangia

METHODS

Four tests:

- 1) Thermal requirements for macrospore germination and sporophyte emergence
- 2) Macrospore germination and sporophyte emergence in the dark
- 3) Self-compatibility
- 4) Apomixis

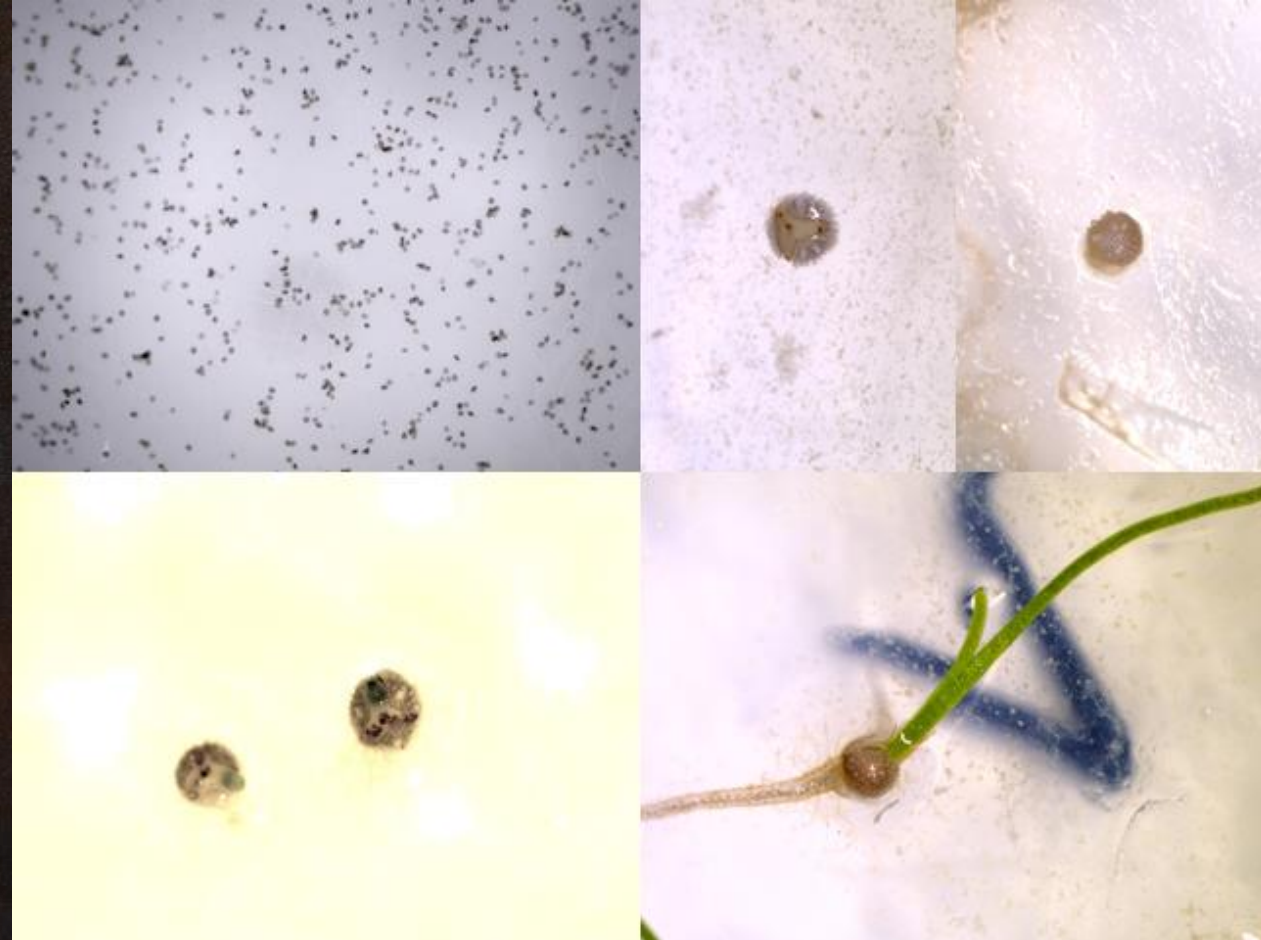


Photo credits: Alessandro Abeli - 6 years old

METHODS

Four tests:

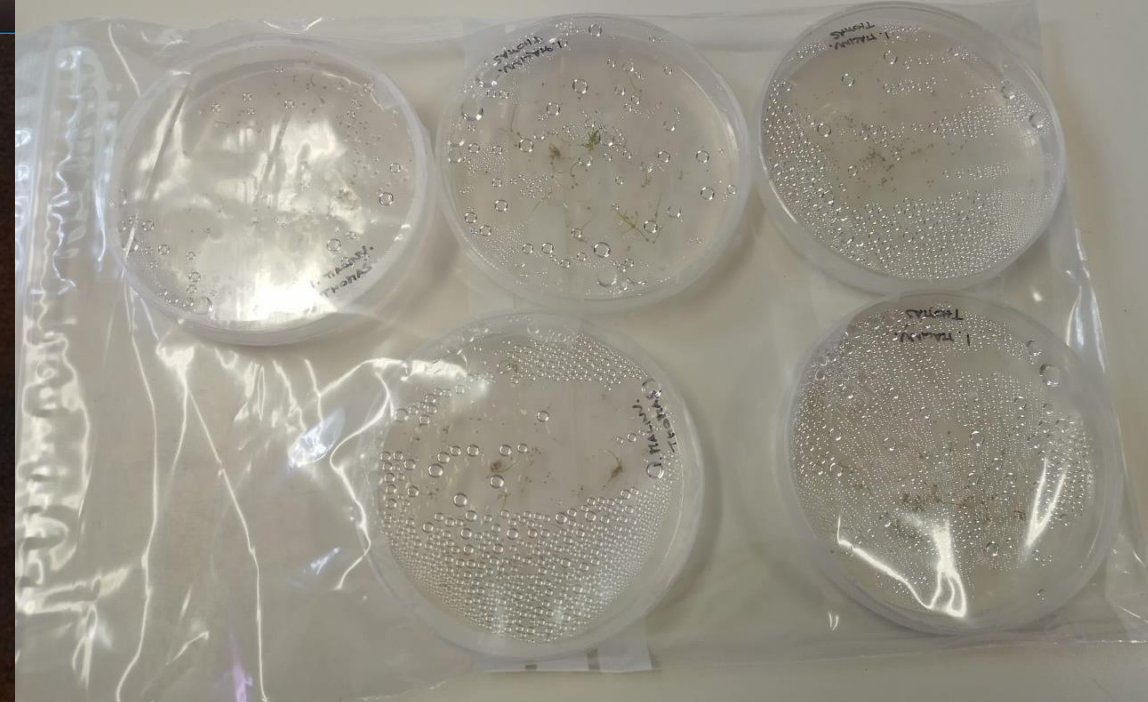
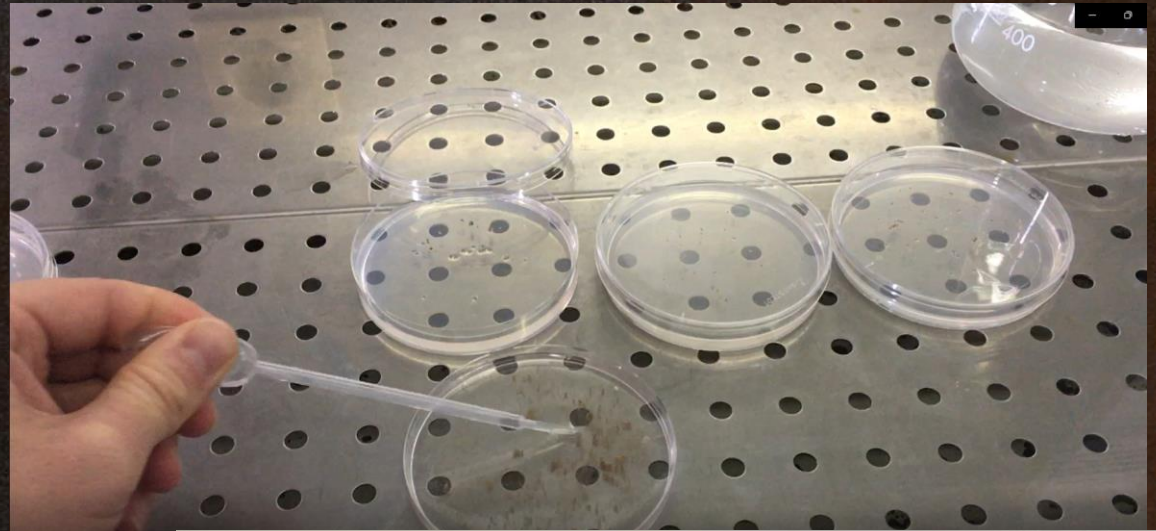
- 1) Thermal requirements for macrospore germination and sporophyte emergence
- 2) Macrospore germination and sporophyte emergence in the dark
- 3) Self-compatibility
- 4) Apomixis



I. durieui – Source: Dryades - ©
Domenico Puntillo

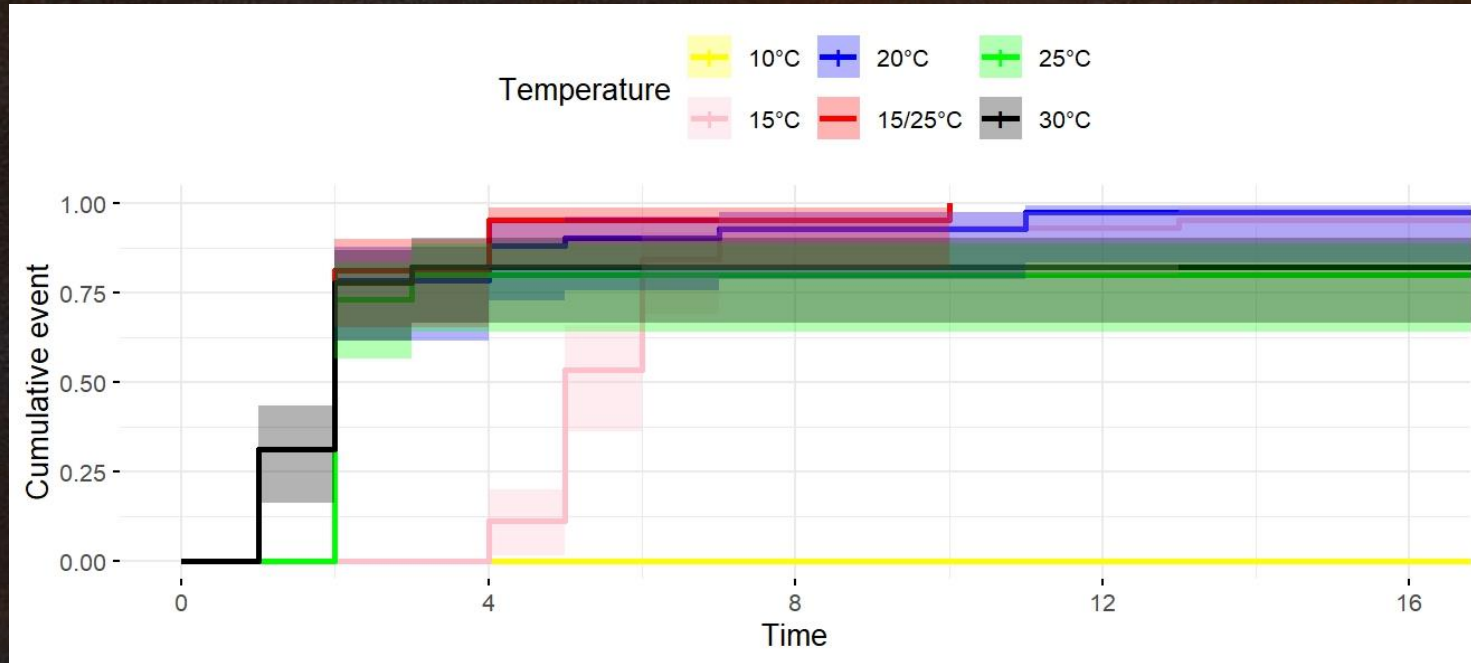
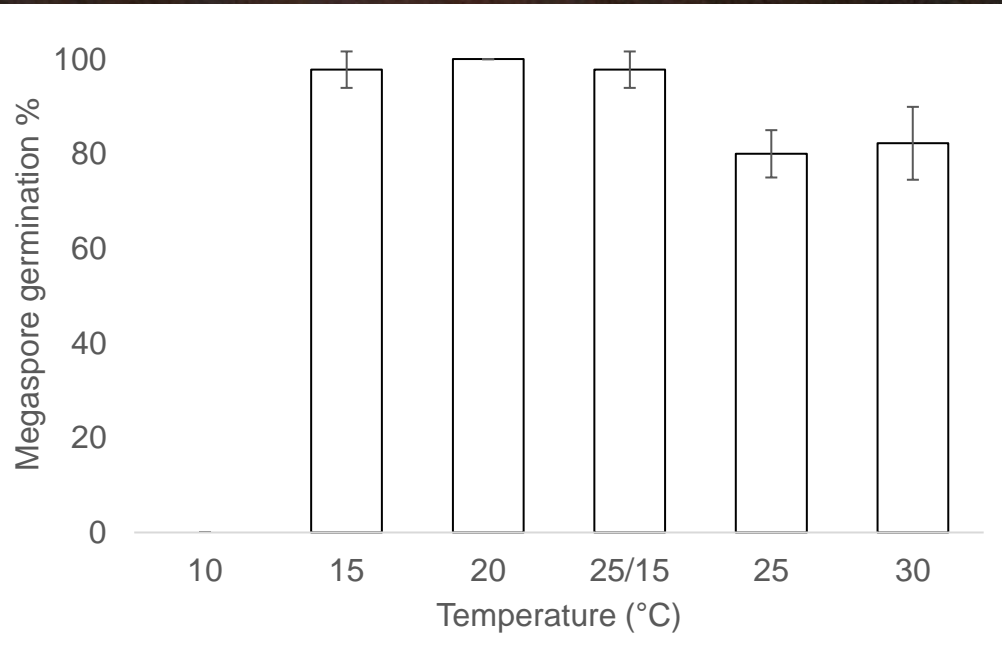
METHODS

- Spores sown on petri dishes;
- Substrate 1% Agar;
- 3 replicates of 15 spores each;
- Germination/Emergence scored weekly,
- Incubation in light- and T-controlled incubators.



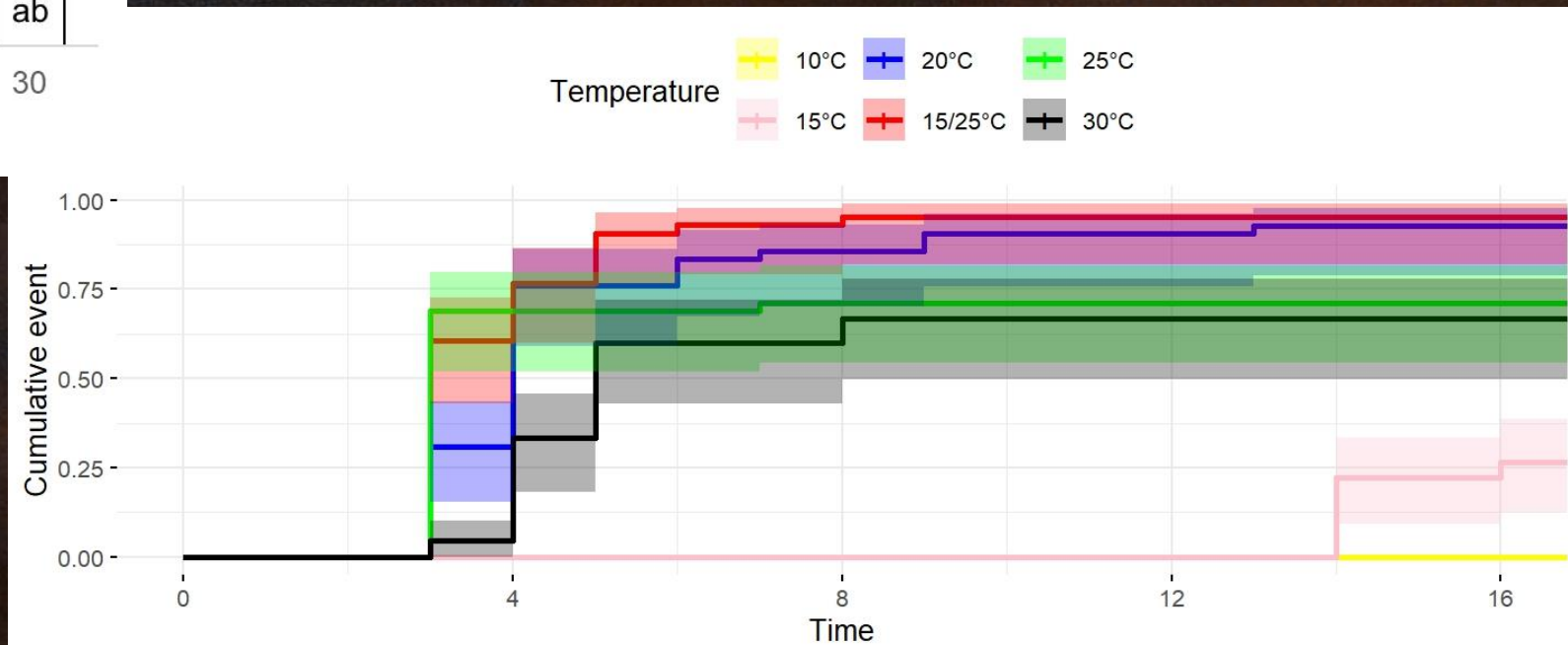
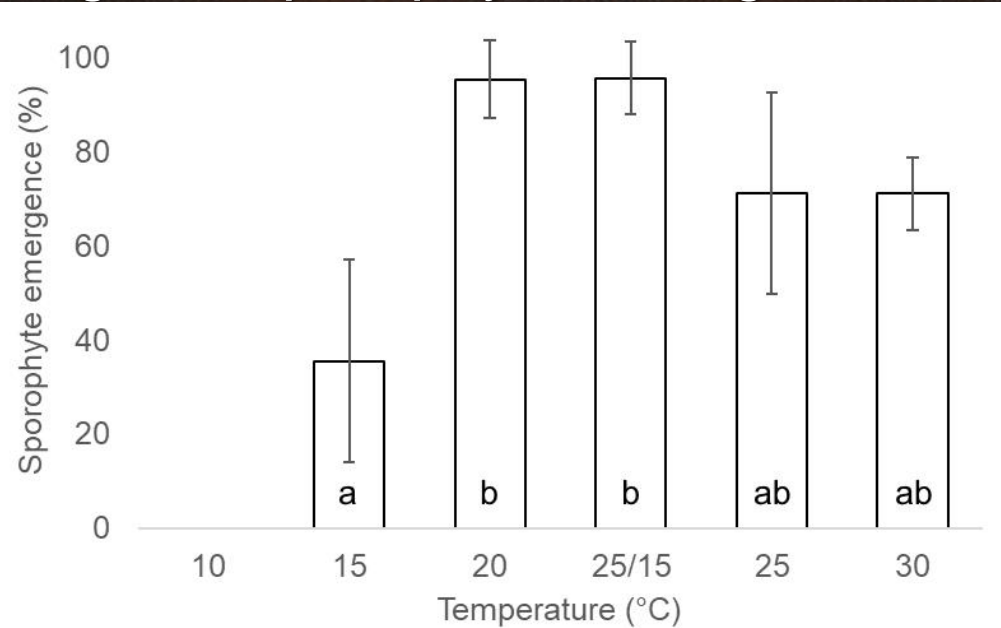
THERMAL REQUIREMENTS: MACROSPORES

Higher temperatures promote fast megaspore germination.



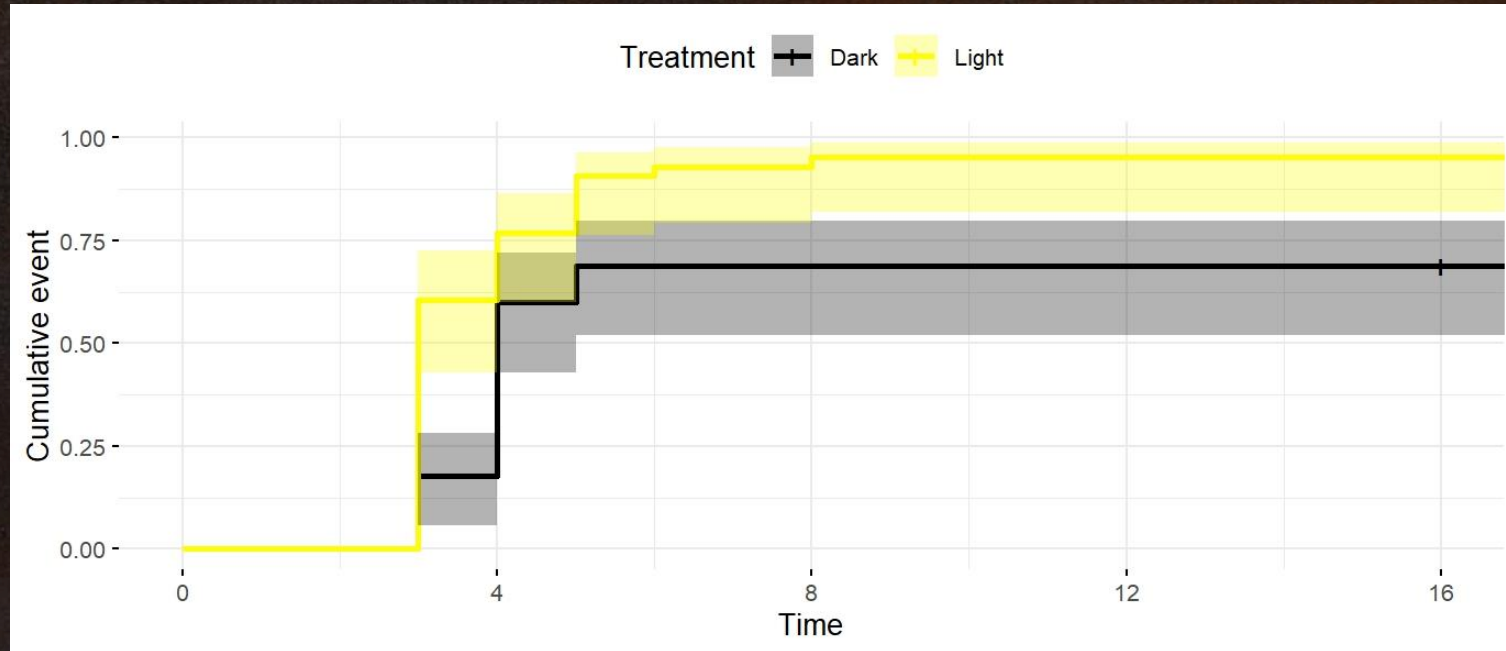
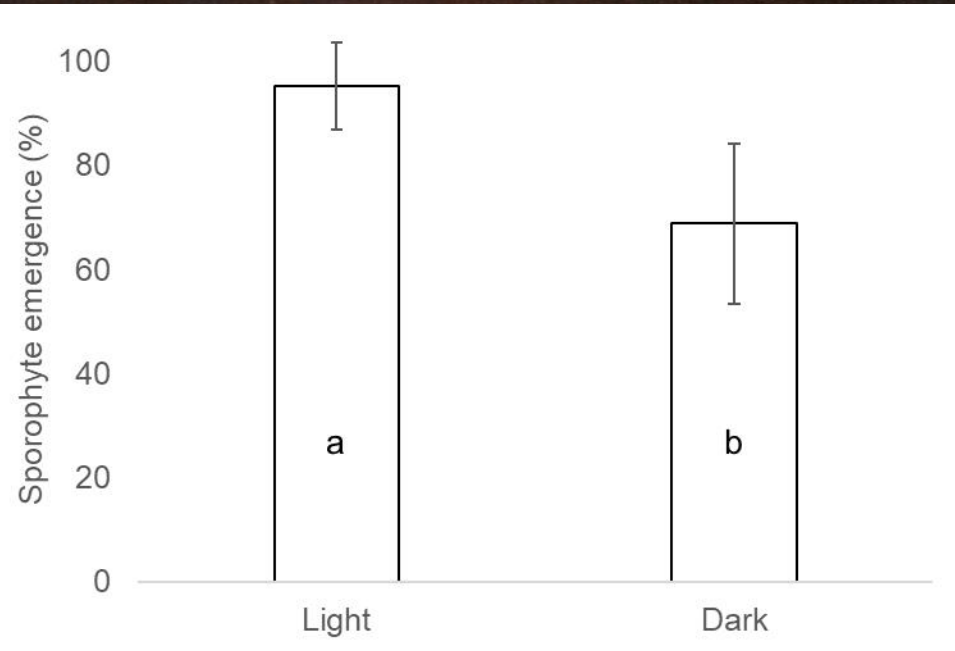
THERMAL REQUIREMENTS: SPOROPHYTES

Highest sporophyte emergence at 20°C and 25/15°C.



DARK AND LIGHT

Sporophytes can emerge in the dark.



SELF-COMPATIBILITY AND APOMIXIS

I. malinverniana is self-compatible.

In the apomixis test, megaspores germination was not followed by sporophytes emergence.

I. malinverniana lacks the capacity of apomictic reproduction.



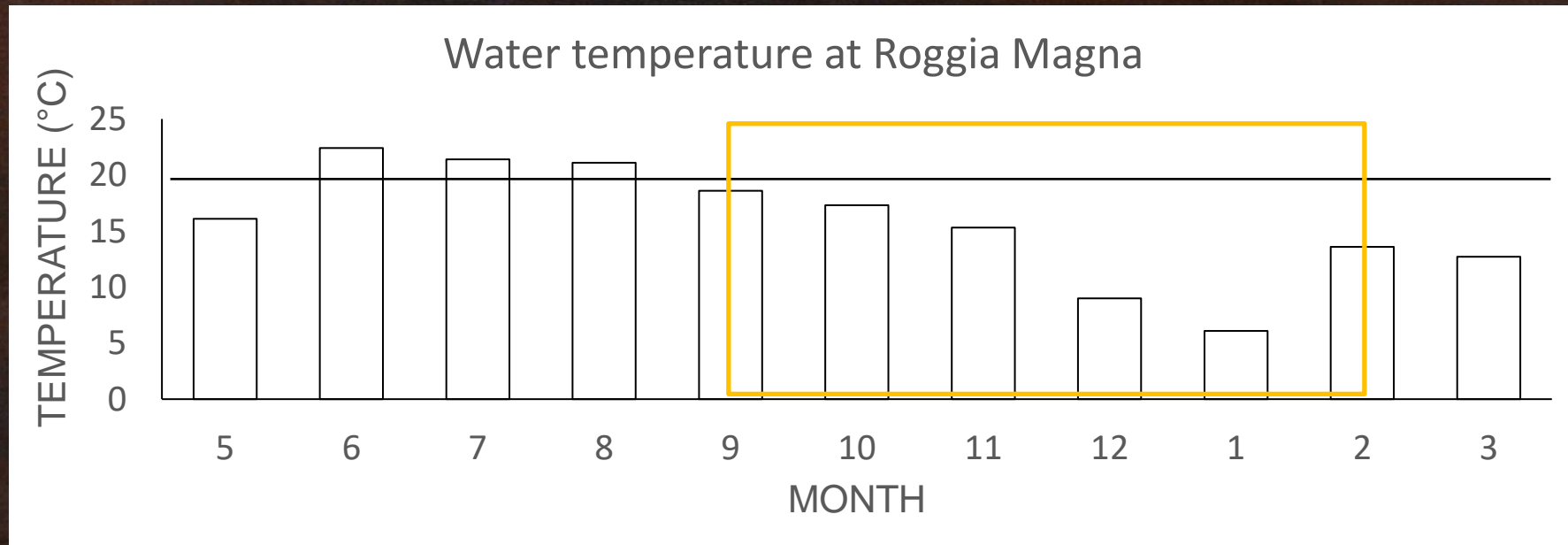
Isoëtes malinverniana Ces. & De Not.

CONCLUSIONS

Germination and sporophyte emergence higher and faster at 20-25°C like in *I. coreana*, *I. cangae*, *I. lithophila*.

Long time-lag between spore dispersal and suitable germination conditions.

More studies on other species are needed.



This research is the result of lab. practical activities of the course
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University of Pavia

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THANK YOU